

# Klasy i obiekty w Pythonie cz 2.

## Do pobrania

Poniżej znajduje się kod źródłowy programu do całkowania numerycznego funkcji skalarnych jednej zmiennej.

## Kod źródłowy

- [calculate\\_integral.py](#)
- [gausslegendre.py](#)
- [integrands.py](#)
- [integrators.py](#)
- [mesh.py](#)
- [newtoncotes.py](#)
- [quadratures.py](#)

## Dane

- [Plik siatki](#)

## Szczegóły implementacji

### Program główny

```
<sxh python> """ Calculate integral of scalar function in 1D """ import itertools import argparse
import quadratures
```

```
from mesh import Mesh from integrands import Integrand from integrators import MeshIntegrator
```

```
def parse_command_line():
```

```
    """Parse command line"""
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
    parser.add_argument('-q', '--quadrature', dest='quadrature',
                        default='NewtonCotes',
                        choices = quadratures.known_quadratures())
    parser.add_argument("-n", '--nodes', type=int, dest='nnodes', default=2,
                        help="number of quadrature nodes")
    parser.add_argument("-i", '--integrand', default='x**2', dest='integrand',
                        help="expression to be integrated")
    parser.add_argument("meshfile", help="name of the mesh file")
    args = parser.parse_args()
    return args
```

```
def main():
```

```
    args = parse_command_line()
    mesh = Mesh()
    mesh.load(args.meshfile)
    integrand = Integrand(args.integrand)
    quadrature = quadratures.make_quadrature(args.quadrature, args.nnodes)
    integrator = MeshIntegrator()
    integral = integrator.integrate(mesh, integrand, quadrature)
    print("Integral of %s is %g" %(args.integrand, integral))
```

```
if name == 'main':
```

```
    main()
```

```
</sxh>
```

## Siatka

```
<sxh python> """ Define 1D Mesh class """
```

```
class Mesh:
```

```
    """Represents on dimensional mesh
    """
```

```
    def __init__(self):
        self.nodes = list()
```

```
    def load(self, filename):
        """Read from file a list of nodes"""
        with open(filename, 'r') as f:
            for l in f:
                self.nodes.append(tuple(float(x) for x in l.split()))
```

```
    def nelem(self):
        return len(self.nodes) - 1
```

```
</sxh>
```

## Funcja podcałkowa

```
<sxh python> """ Define integrand function """
```

```
class Integrand:
```

```
    """Represents integrand as 1D scalar function
```

```
"""
def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression

def evaluate(self, x):
    return eval(self.expression)

def __call__(self, x):
    return self.evaluate(x)
```

&lt;/sxh&gt;

## Integrator na siatce

&lt;sxh python&gt; """ Integrate function over a mesh """ import itertools

class MeshIntegrator:

```
"""Calculate integral over a domain discretised by a mesh
"""

def integrate(self, mesh, integrand, quadrature):
    """Integrate function fun using numerical integration on given mesh
    """
    integral = 0.0
    for i in range(mesh.nelem()):
        integral += self.integrate_element(i, mesh, integrand, quadrature)
    return integral
```

def make\_mesh\_fun(self, mesh, fun):

```
xcoord = [ node[0] for node in mesh.nodes ]
discrete_fun = [ fun(x) for x in xcoord ]
return discrete_fun
```

def integrate\_element(self, i, mesh, integrand, quadrature):

```
x1 = mesh.nodes[i][0]
x2 = mesh.nodes[i+1][0]
qr = quadrature
integral = 0.0
for (x, w) in itertools.zip_longest(qr.nodes(x1, x2), qr.weights(x1,x2)):
    integral += w * integrand(x);
return integral
```

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## Fabryka kwadratur

```
<sxh python> """ Define factory for different quadratures """ import newtoncotes import gausslegendre
```

```
def known_quadratures():
```

```
    return ["NewtonCotes", "GaussLegendre"]
```

```
def make_quadrature(name, nnodes):
```

```
    if name == "NewtonCotes":
        return newtoncotes.NewtonCotes(nnodes)
    elif name == "GaussLegendre":
        return gausslegendre.GaussLegendre(nnodes)
    raise RuntimeError("Invalid quadrature %s %d" %(name, nnodes))
```

```
</sxh>
```

## Kwadratury Newtona-Cotesa

```
<sxh python> """ Newton-Cotes numerical integration formulas """
```

```
class NewtonCotes:
```

```
    _weights = { 2: (0.5, 0.5),
                 3 : tuple(x/6.0 for x in (1, 4, 1))
                 }
```

```
    def __init__(self, nnodes):
        self.ref_weights = self._weights[nnodes]
        self.degree = len(self.ref_weights)-1
```

```
    def nodes(self, a=0.0, b=1.0):
        n = len(self.ref_weights)
        dx = (b-a)/(n-1)
        return [a+i*dx for i in range(n)]
```

```
    def weights(self, a=0.0, b=1.0):
        return ((b-a)*x for x in self.ref_weights)
```

```
class TrapezoidQuadrature(NewtonCotes):
```

```
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__(2)
```

```
class SimpsonQuadrature(NewtonCotes):
```

```
def __init__(self):
    super().__init__(3)
```

&lt;/sxh&gt;

## Kwadratury Gaussa-Legendre'a

```
<sxh python> """ Gauss-Legendre numerical integration formulas """ import itertools import math
from math import sqrt
```

```
def antisymmetrize(seq, central=tuple()):
```

```
    return list(itertools.chain([-x for x in seq[::-1]], central, seq))
```

```
def symmetrize(seq, central=tuple()):
```

```
    return list(itertools.chain(seq[::-1], central, seq))
```

```
class GaussLegendre:
```

```
    _nodes = { 1: [0.0],
              2: antisymmetrize([sqrt(1.0/3.0)]),
              3: antisymmetrize([sqrt(3.0/5.0)], [0.0]),
              4: antisymmetrize([sqrt((3-2*sqrt(6/5))/7),
                                sqrt((3+2*sqrt(6/5))/7)]),
              }
    _weights = { 1: [2.0],
                2: symmetrize([1.0]),
                3: symmetrize([5/9], [8/9]),
                4: symmetrize([(18+sqrt(30))/36,
                              (18-sqrt(30))/36])
                }
```

```
def __init__(self, nnodes):
    self.ref_nodes = self._nodes[nnodes]
    self.ref_weights = self._weights[nnodes]
```

```
def nodes(self, a=0.0, b=1.0):
    shift = (a+b)/2
    scale = (b-a)/2
    return [shift + scale*x for x in self.ref_nodes]
```

```
def weights(self, a=0.0, b=1.0):
    jacobian = (b-a)/2
    return [jacobian*w for w in self.ref_weights]
```

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